Lesson 4.4 - Reference Angles

Learning Objectives: SWBAT

1. Determine/sketch the reference angle of a given angle

What are Reference angles?

The values of the trigonometric functions of angles greater than 90° (or less than 0°) can be determined from their values at corresponding acute angles called **reference angles**.

Definition of Reference Angle

Let θ be an angle in standard position. Its **reference angle** is the acute angle θ' formed by the terminal side of θ and the horizontal axis.

Figure 4.35 shows the reference angles for θ in Quadrants II, III, and IV.

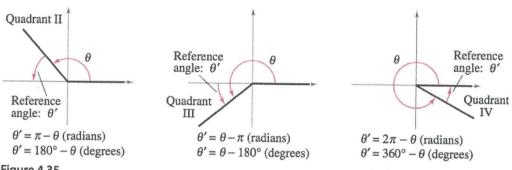


Figure 4.35

How to find reference angles

Find the reference angle θ' .

a.
$$\theta = 300^{\circ}$$

b.
$$\theta = 2.3$$

c.
$$\theta = -135^{\circ}$$

Solution

a. Because 300° lies in Quadrant IV, the angle it makes with the x-axis is

$$\theta' = 360^{\circ} - 300^{\circ} = 60^{\circ}$$
. Degrees

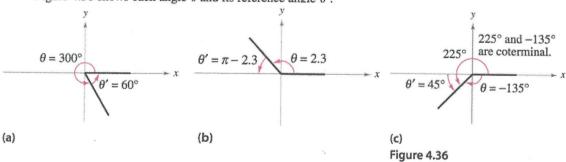
b. Because 2.3 lies between $\pi/2 \approx 1.5708$ and $\pi \approx 3.1416$, it follows that it is in Quadrant II and its reference angle is

$$\theta' = \pi - 2.3 \approx 0.8416$$
. Radian

c. First, determine that -135° is coterminal with 225°, which lies in Quadrant III. So, the reference angle is

$$\theta' = 225^{\circ} - 180^{\circ} = 45^{\circ}$$
. De

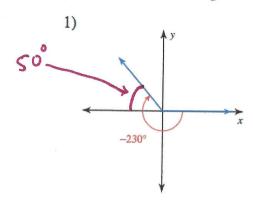
Figure 4.36 shows each angle θ and its reference angle θ' .

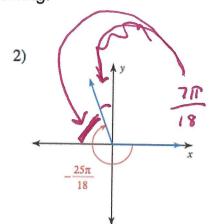


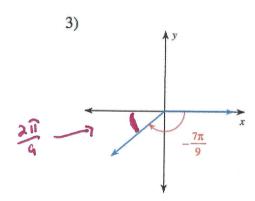
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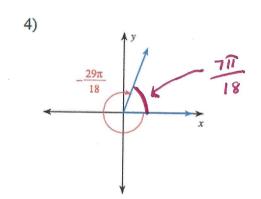
<u>Practice</u> - Find the reference angle for the following:

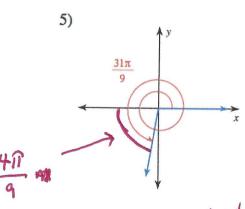
Find the reference angle.

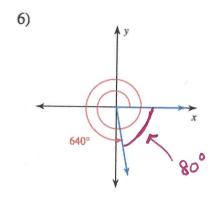












8)
$$-\frac{19\pi}{18}$$



$$9) -\frac{13\pi}{12} \qquad \boxed{11}$$

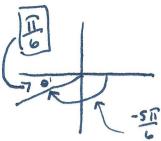
9)
$$-\frac{47\pi}{12}$$

$$10) -\frac{5\pi}{4} \qquad \boxed{1}$$

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Practice - Sketch and find the reference angle for the following:

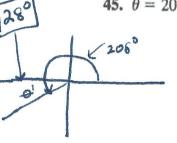
43.
$$\theta = -\frac{5\pi}{6}$$



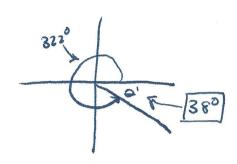
44.
$$\theta = -\frac{2\pi}{3}$$



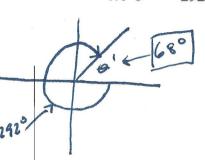
45.
$$\theta = 208^{\circ}$$



46.
$$\theta = 322^{\circ}$$



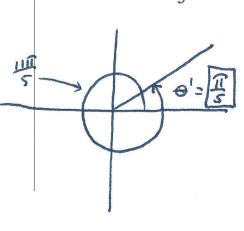
47.
$$\theta = -292^{\circ}$$



48.
$$\theta = -165^{\circ}$$



49.
$$\theta = \frac{11\pi}{5}$$



50.
$$\theta = \frac{17\pi}{7}$$

